SDG indicator 10.3.1 / 16.b.1

Measuring prevalence of discrimination –

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Content

- ☐ Sustainable Development Goals indicator 10.3.1/16.b.1
- ☐ Prevalence of discrimination module
 - ✓ Concepts
 - ✓ Methodology
 - ✓ Implementation
 - ✓ Operationalization
- □ Data availability, dissemination, and analysis





SDG indicators and Human rights

- ☐ Global SDG Indicators adopted by the UN General Assembly in 2017 (A/RES/71/313)
- ☐ 232 SDG indicators (comprehensive revision in 2020)
- □ 2/3 of SDG indicators can be considered human rights indicators
- ☐ 4 SDG indicators under OHCHR custodianship





SDG indicator 10.3.1/16.b.1 – Framework



Indicator to be produced by NSOs through a nationally representative survey (LFS, MICS, LSMS) using a **module of two questions** developed by OHCHR



"Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law"



Methodology endorsed by the United Nations Statistical Commission's Interagency and Expert Group on SDG Indicators (9th Meeting, Beirut, 25-28 March 2019). Tier II SDG indicator (2020).



Human Rights Approach to Data (HRBAD) is integrated into the methodology





SDG indicator 10.3.1/16.b.1 – Concepts & Module

INTERVIEWER READ:

Let me assure you again that your answers are completely confidential. I will now ask you about discrimination. Discrimination happens when you are treated less favourably compared to others or harassed because of the way you look, where you come from, what you believe or for other reasons. You may be refused equal access to work, housing, healthcare, education, marriage or family life, the police or justice system, shops, restaurants, or any other services or opportunities. You may also encounter comments, gestures or other behaviours that make you feel offended, threatened or insulted, or have to stay away from places or activities to avoid such behaviours.

DIS_1	Do (you/NAME) feel that you personally experienced any form of discrimination or harassment during the last 5 years, namely since [YEAR OF INTERVIEW MINUS 5] [or since you have been in the country], on the following grounds? SHOW CARD WITH GROUNDS OF DISCRIMINATION												
	READ AND MARK ALL THAT APPLY												
DIS_2	Do (you/NAME) feel that you personally experienced any form of discrimination or harassment during the last 12 months, namely since [MONTH OF INTERVIEW] [YEAR OF INTERVIEW MINUS 1], on any of these grounds? SHOW CARD WITH GROUNDS OF DISCRIMINATION												
	READ ALL ITEMS WHERE DIS_1=1												
		DIS_1 IN THE LAST 5 YEARS MONTHS											
		YES	NO	NR	YES	NO	NR						
	a.Sex	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	b. Age	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	c. Disability or health status	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	d. Ethnicity, colour, language	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	e. Migration status	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	f. Socio-economic status	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	Geographic location or place of residence	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	h. Religion	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	i. Marital and family status	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	j. Sexual orientation or gender identity	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	k. Political opinion	1	2	97	1	2	97						
	x. Other grounds	1	2	97	1	2	97						





SDG indicator 16.10.1 – Implementation I

1. Identifying the most suitable nationally representative household survey

- Labour Force Survey (LFS)
- Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS)
- Living Standards Measurement Study (LSMS)
- Other household survey

2. Requires strengthening data collection based on the HRBAD

6 Key Principles of the Human Rights Based Approach to Data

- Participation (relevant population groups)
- Disaggregation (sample & key characteristics)
- Self-identification (k
- Transparency (usability & publicly available)
- Privacy (anonymized microdata)
- Accountability (availability to CSOs)





SDG indicator 16.10.1 – Implementation II

Expanding the scope of the module to <u>types of situations</u> where the incident(s) were experienced (at work, on public transportation, ...) and whether it <u>was reported</u> (police,...)

Discrimination module (longer version) – LFS DRAFT

	Section WPO: WORKPLACE AND OUTSIDE WORKPLACE						
WPO_1	In what types of situation (s) have (you/NAME) experienced these incide	what types of situation (s) have (you/NAME) experienced these incidents?					
	READ AND MARK ALL THAT APPLY						
	At work a. [
	When applying for a job b						
	In a shop, bank, restaurant, bar, night club or hotel On public transportation, on the street or in other public places	c	→INC_1				
	d	→INC_1					
	In my household e.						
	When seeking or using health care services	f	→INC_1				
	When attending school or classes	g.	→INC_1				
	When looking for housing h.						
	When dealing with the police or courts i.[
	On social media j.						
	Other (specify):	k	→INC_1				
WPO_2	Which of the following best describes the focus of the discrimination (you/NAME) experienced at work?						
	MARKALL THAT APPLY						
	PAY	a					
	PROMOTION	b					
	WORK CONDITIONS	c					
	HARASSMENT	d.	5				
	MADE REDUNDANT e						
	OTHER (SPECIFY): f						

	Section INC: REPORTING INCIDENTS							
INC_1	Did (you/NAME) report or make a complaint about the incident?							
	Yes 01							
	No 02							
INC_2	Who did (you/NAME) report the incident or make the complaint to?							
	MARKALL THAT APPLY							
	POLICE	a.∟_	→ END					
	TRADE UNION, LABOUR UNION, STAFF COMMITEE	b.∟_	→ END					
	EMPLOYER	c	→ END					
	NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATION (NGO)/CHARITY	d	→ END					
	COMMUNITY ORGANISATION/COMMUNITY LEADER	e.∐	→ END					
	COUNTRY'S EQUALITY BODY/HUMAN RIGHTS INSTITUTION	f	→ END					
	A LAWYER/LEGAL SERVICE	g.L	→ END					
	OTHER (SPECIFY):	h	→ END					
	DON'T KNOW/PREFER NOT TO SAY	i	→ END					
INC_3	Why did (you/NAME) not report the incident or make a complaint?							
	MARKALL THAT APPLY							
	I WAS AFRAID OF NOT BEING TREATED PROPERLY/	a	511111111111111111111111111111111111111					
	OF RETALIATION/OF NEGATIVE CONSEQUENCES							
	I DIDN'T KNOW HOW TO MAKE A COMPLAINT/	b						
	WHERE TO REPORT IT/DON'T KNOW THE LAWS							
	NOTHING WOULD HAPPEN BY REPORTING DISCRIMINATION/	с						
	NOT WORTH REPORTING IT							
	IT IS A LONG PROCESS/IT TAKES TIME/MONEY	d.						
	BECAUSE OF LEGALISSUES/I DON'T HAVE PAPERS/	e.						
	RESIDENCE PERMIT							
	BECAUSE OF LANGUAGE DIFFICULTIES/INSECURITIES	f						
	I HAD NO PROOF	g.						
	OTHER (SPECIFY):	h						
	DON'T KNOW/PREFER NOT TO SAY	i						

SDG indicator 10.3.1/16.b.1 – Operationalization

- Contextualization by identifying groups left behind based on the HRBAD with support of National Human Rights Institutions
- Implementation of the survey module by National Statistical Offices
- Thematic reporting on discrimination
- Foster public policies to support reforms to leave no one behind

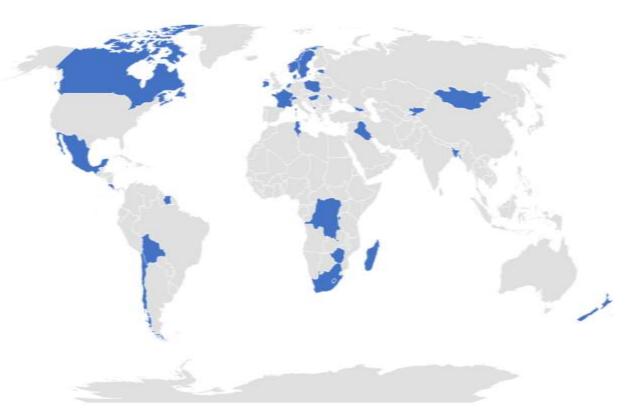
		Population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of:											
	Total population interviewed	Sex	Age	Disability or health status	Ethnicity, colour, language	Migration status	economic	Geographi c location or place of residence	Religion	Marital and family status	Sexual oritentation and gender identity	Political opinion	Other grounds
Total													
Sex													
Male													
Female													
Age													
15-19													
20-24													
25-29													
30-34													





SDG 10.3.1/16.b.1 — Data Availability by Country, 2014-2019

- ✓ 34 states submitted in 2020, for the first time, data on the SDG 10.3.1/16.b.1
- ✓ 5 states in Latin America submitted data



Country / Survey

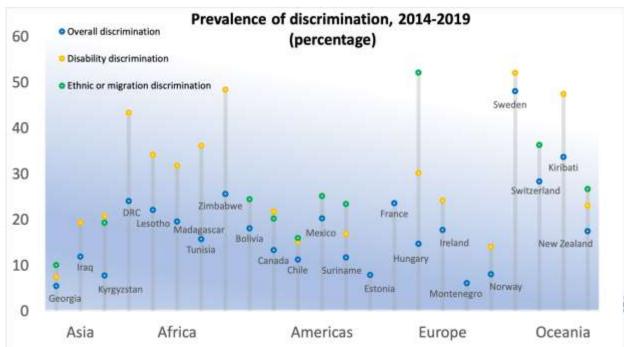
- Bolivia (EH)
- Chile (CASEN)
- Costa Rica (MICS6)
- Mexico (Disc. Survey)
- Suriname (MICS6)





SDG 10.3.1/16.b.1 - Data Dissemination and analysis

- ✓ About 1 in 5 people reported having personally experienced discrimination
- ✓ Gender disaggregated data reveals that women are more likely to be victims of discrimination than men
- ✓ <u>Disability status disaggregated data</u> reveals that 1 in 3 people have personally experienced discrimination, with higher levels still among women with disabilities
- ✓ <u>Racial, ethnic and migration status disaggregated data</u> shows that these population groups experienced more discrimination than the general population, on average two times more

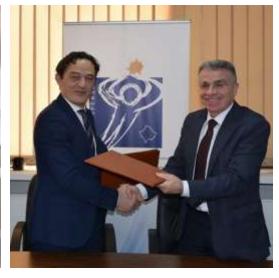




HRBAD operationalisation: MoU between NSOs and NHRIs





















Guidance & Database & Contacts

Technical assistance: sdgindicators@ohchr.org

A Human Rights Based Approach to Data - Leaving No One Behind in the 2030 (in Spanish) https://www.ohchr.org/EN/Issues/Indicators/Pages/documents.aspx SDG indicators under OHCHR's custodianship https://www.ohchr.org/EN/Issues/Indicators/Pages/SDGindicators.aspx Methodological Guidance Note / Metadata of the SDG 10.3.1/16.b.1 (in Spanish) https://www.ohchr.org/EN/Issues/Indicators/Pages/SDGindicators.aspx SDGs database (including the SDG indicator 10.3.1/16.b.1 dataset) https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/





Thank you!



