



## Statistical Coordination Group for the 2030 Agenda in Latin America and the Caribbean of the Statistical Conference of the Americas of ECLAC

# Inventory of national capacities to produce de SDG indicators that are part of the Global Framework

"National Statistical Capacities Questionnaire for the Production of the SDG Indicators"

# 1. April – December 2016 Requested information

- 1. Country's capacity to produce <u>each of the indicators</u> of the global framework.
- 2. Set of data describing the characteristics of the production processes of each of the indicators.
- 3. Thematic areas in which countries declare that they can offer or require technical cooperation.

## Countries that completed the questionnaire

24 countries

# 2. December 2017 – February 2018 Requested information

Countries which did complete the 2016 questionnaire

1. Country's capacity to produce the indicators of the global framework by Goal

## Countries that completed the questionnaire

#### 19 countries

Countries which did NOT complete the 2016 questionnaire

1. Information on all the items included in the 2016 questionnaire

# Countries that completed the questionnaire 1 country

# 3. September – December 2018 Requested information

Countries which did complete the 2016 questionnaire

1. Country's capacity to produce the indicators of the global framework by Goal

## Countries that completed the questionnaire

#### 15 countries

Countries which did NOT complete the 2016 questionnaire

1. Information on all the items included in the 2016 questionnaire

Countries that completed the questionnaire

0 country





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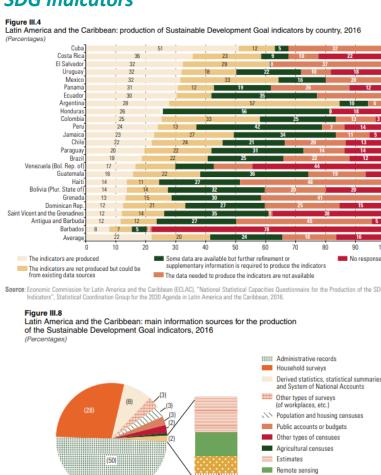
- 1. Country's capacity to produce <u>each of the indicators</u> of the global framework.
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## Countries that completed the questionnaire

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#### **Uses:**

- Initial description of the situation of the countries, identification of the sources of information and the actors involved in its production.
- For several countries, it served as the initial starting point for work on a national scale. It encouraged the involvement and coordination among the members of the NSS.
- It was part of the report to the Forum of the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean on Sustainable Development
- It has served to perform detailed analyzes of some indicators.







IIII Sampling

Cartographic system/land registry

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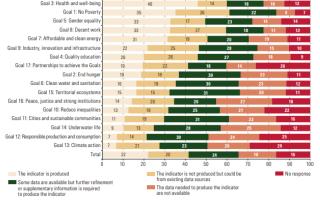
Countries which did NOT complete the 2016 questionnaire

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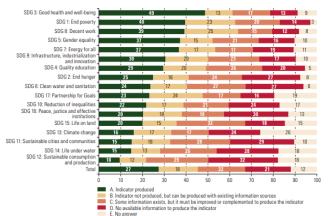
Countries that completed the questionnaire

1 country







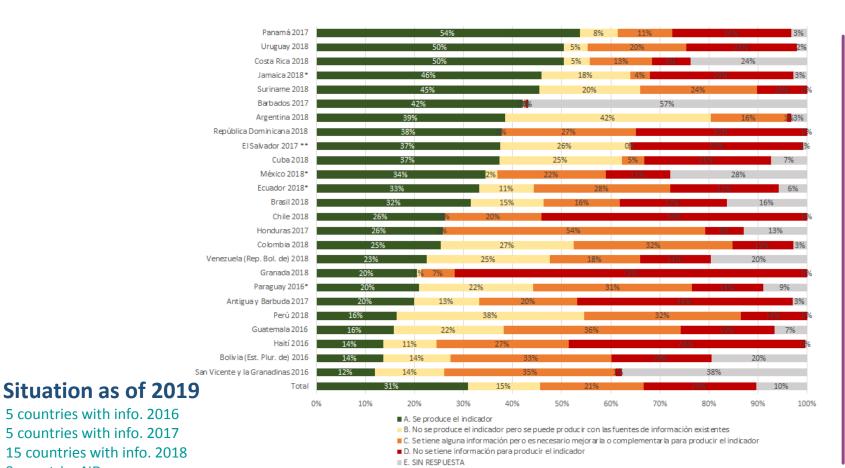






### Inventory of national capacities to produce de SDG indicators that are part of the Global Framework

"National Statistical Capacities Questionnaire for the Production of the SDG Indicators"



### 3. September – December 2018 **Requested information**

Countries which did complete the 2016 questionnaire

Country's capacity to produce the indicators of the global framework by Goal

Countries that completed the questionnaire

#### 15 countries

Countries which did NOT complete the 2016 questionnaire

Information on all the items included in the 2016 questionnaire

**Countries that completed the** questionnaire 0 country

5 countries with info. 2016

5 countries with info. 2017

8 countries ND





<sup>\*</sup>Se incluyó en la categoría no respuesta aquellos indicadores que no aplican a escala nacional

<sup>\*\*</sup> No se incluyeron los indicadores identificados por el país como adicionales

### Approaches to define future activities

"National Statistical Capacities Questionnaire for the Production of the SDG Indicators"

### Possible next steps

- Update the detailed assessment by indicator, once the comprehensive review of 2020 has been undertaken and approved by the IAEG;
- Consideration of national developments and specificities for measuring the goals of the Global Agenda

Several countries of the region have developed national monitoring frameworks which not necessarily include all the indicators that are part of the global SDG framework. This point has been made explicit in their answers from 2017 and 2008, and has been described in the Annual report on regional progress and challenges in relation to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in Latin America and the Caribbean.

Many countries are using/ developing their own methodologies to produce the SDG indicators, which better suite national realities and according t their data availability.



### Prioritization of indicators for regional statistical followup to the SDG in Latin America and the Caribbean

Set of prioritized indicators

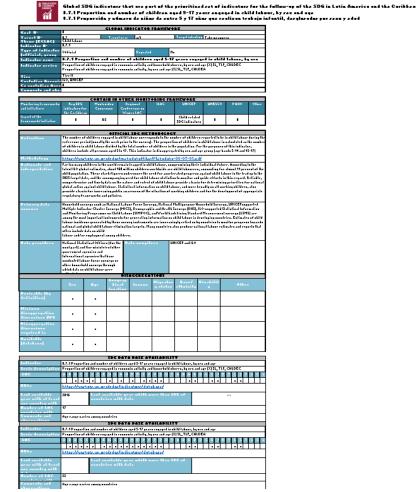
October 2018 – March 2019

(according to the agreements of the Seventeenth meeting of the Executive Committee)



In compliance with the regional monitoring commitment, metadata of the 120 global indicators has been compiled with a regional perspective. Data availability for the 33 member countries has been assessed.

The metadata of the 30 proxy indicators and the 4 complementary indicators is being developed.









### General information of the indicator and its belonging to other monitoring frameworks

GLOBAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORK									
Goal N°	8								
Target N°	8.7	Target year	s/t	Target inte	ntion Take measures				
Theme (ECLAC)	Child labour								
Indicator N°	8.7.1								
Type of indicator (official,	Official		Repeated	No					
proxy or complementary)									
Indicator name	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age								
Indicator series	Proportion of children engaged in economic activity and household chores, by sex and age (%) SL_TLF_CHLDEC								
	Proportion of children engaged in economic activity, by sex and age (%) SL_TLF_CHLDEA								
Tier	Tier II								
Custodian Agencies	ILO, UNICEF								
Co custodian Agencies	0								
Comments and observations	,								

CONTAIN IN OTHER MONITORING FRAMEWORK								
Monitoring frameworks and initiatives	Key SDG indicators for the Caribbean	Montevideo Consensus	Regional Conference on Women LAC	ILAC	UNICEF	UNESCO	PAHO	Other
Is part of the framework/initiative	0	B2	0	0	Child related SDG indicators	0	0	





Global SDG indicators that are part of the prioritized set of indicators for the follow-up of the SDG in Latin America and the Caribbean

8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age

8.7.1 Proporción y número de niños de entre 5 y 17 años que realizan trabajo infantil, desglosados por sexo y edad

### Official methodology

	OFFICIAL SDG METHODOLOGY						
Definition	The number of children engaged in child labour corresponds to the number of children reported to be in child labour during the reference period (usually the week prior to the survey). The proportion of children in child labour is calculated as the number of children in child labour divided by the total number of children in the population. For the purposes of this indicator, children include all persons aged 5 to 17. This indicator is disaggregated by sex and age group (age bands 5-14 and 15-17)						
Methodology	https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-08-07-01.pdf						
Rationale and interpretation	Far too many children in the world remain trapped in child labour, compromising their individual future. According to the latest ILO global estimates, about 168 million children worldwide are child labourers, accounting for almost 11 percent of the child population. These stark figures underscore the need for accelerated progress against child labour in the lead up to the 2025 target date, and the accompanying need for child labour statistics to monitor and guide efforts in this regard. Reliable, comprehensive and timely data on the nature and extent of child labour provide a basis for determining priorities for national global action against child labour. Statistical information on child labour, and more broadly on all working children, also provide a basis for increasing public awareness of the situation of working children and for the development of appropriate regulatory frameworks and policies.						
Primary data sources	Household surveys such as National Labour Force Surveys, National Multipurpose Household Surveys, UNICEFsupported Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS), Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS), ILO-supported Statistical Information and Monitoring Programme on Child Labour (SIMPOC), and World bank Living Standard Measurement surveys (LSMS) are among the most important instruments for generating information on child labour in developing countries. Estimates of child labour incidence generated by these survey instruments are increasingly relied on by countries to monitor progress towards national and global child labour elimination targets. Many countries also produce national labour estimates and reports that often include data on child labour among children.						
Data providers	National Statistical Offices (for the most part) and line ministries/other government agencies and International agencies that have conducted labour force surveys or other household surveys through which data on child labour were						





Global SDG indicators that are part of the prioritized set of indicators for the follow-up of the SDG in Latin America and the Caribbean

- 8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age
- 8.7.1 Proporción y número de niños de entre 5 y 17 años que realizan trabajo infantil, desglosados por sexo y edad

### Disaggregation's

			D	ISAGGREGATIO	INS			
	Sex	Age	Geographical location	Income	Migratory status	Race/ ethnicity	Disability	Other
Desirable (by definition)	х	x						
Minimum disaggregation dimensions (WG IAEG)	х	х						
Disaggregation dimensions required in metadata	х	x						
Available (database)	x	x						



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### Availability of data for the countries of the region for each series of the indicator

	SDG DATA BASE AVAILABILITY						
Indicator	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age						
Serie description	Proportion of children engaged in economic activity and household chores, by sex and age (%) SL_TLF_CHLDEC						
LAC countries/Sub-	AR BO BR CH CO CR CU EC SL GT HT HN ME NI PA PR PE DO UR VE AT BH BR BL D GR GU JA KN VC LC SU TT LA C LA						
URLs	https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/						
Last available year with at least one country with data	2016 Last available year whith more than 50% of countries with data						
Number of LAC countries with data	17						
Comments and observations	Age range varies among countries						
	SDG DATA BASE AVAILABILITY						
Indicator	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age						
Serie description	Proportion of children engaged in economic activity, by sex and age (%) SL_TLF_CHLDEA						
LAC countries/Sub-	AR BO BR CH CO CR CU EC SL GT HT HN ME NI PA PR PE DO UR VE AT BH BR BL D GR GU JA KN VC LC SU TT LA C LA						
URLs	https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/database/						
Last available year with at least one country with data	Last available year whith more than 50% of countries with data						
Number of LAC countries	22						
Comments and observations	Age range varies among countries						

Country data availability: Self-assessment of national statistical capacity					
Country number	15				



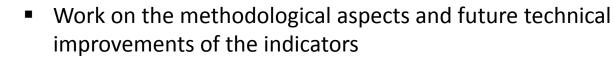


### Prioritization of indicators for regional statistical followup to the SDG in Latin America and the Caribbean

#### Set of prioritized indicators

### **Next steps**

(according to the agreements of the Seventeenth meeting of the Executive Committee)



 Evaluate the requirements for technical assistance and horizontal cooperation, with a view to their implementation at the regional and sub regional levels.

- Metadata and data availability for the 120 indicators of the global SDG framework
- Metadata and data availability for the 30 complementary and the 4 proxy indicators.

Next fase to fase meeting of the SCG

- Methodological review of the 154 indicators of the first prioritized set;
- Definition of a mechanism for the inclusion and exclusion of indicators in the three prioritized sets;
- Desired levels of disaggregation needed to give regional representation to the first set of prioritized indicators.



