# National Accounts Rebasing: Challenges and Lessons Learnt

ECLAC National Accounts Seminar October 3 – 6, 2022



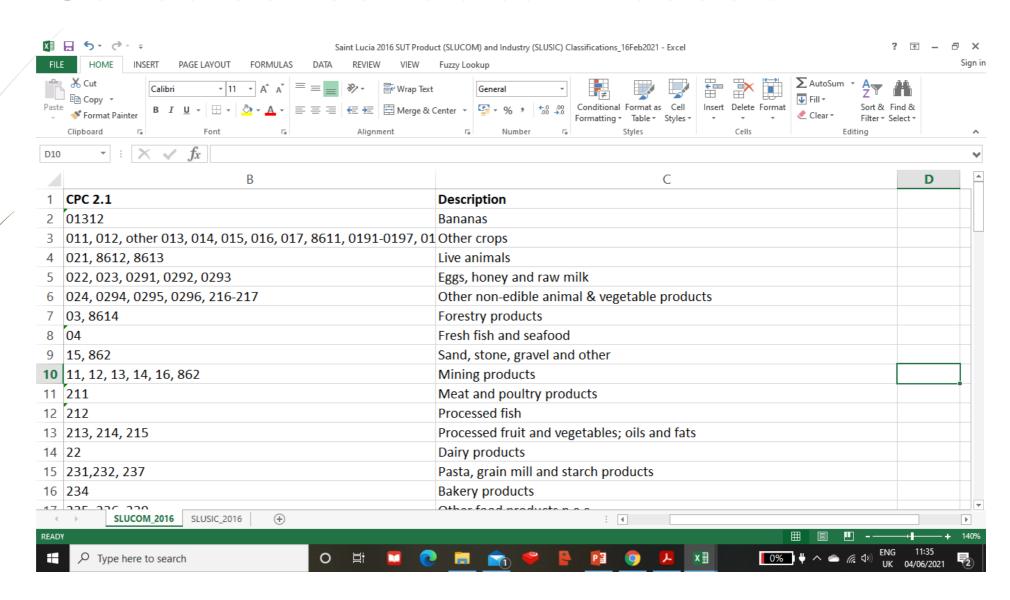
### GDP Series Rebasing Process

- Enhancement of GDP Series in 2016
  - Integration of 2002 SUT Benchmarks
  - Alignment to prevailing Census, Survey and administrative data
  - Implementation of relevant SNA 2008 principles
  - Recalculation of FISIM
  - Introduction of Quarterly GDP series, using DENTON (XLBPM) proportional benchmarking methods; benchmark-indicator approach
- Construction of SLUCOM and SLIND product and industry classifications based on CPC 2.1 and ISIC Rev. 4, respectively
- Compilation of 2016 Supply and Use Tables (SUT)

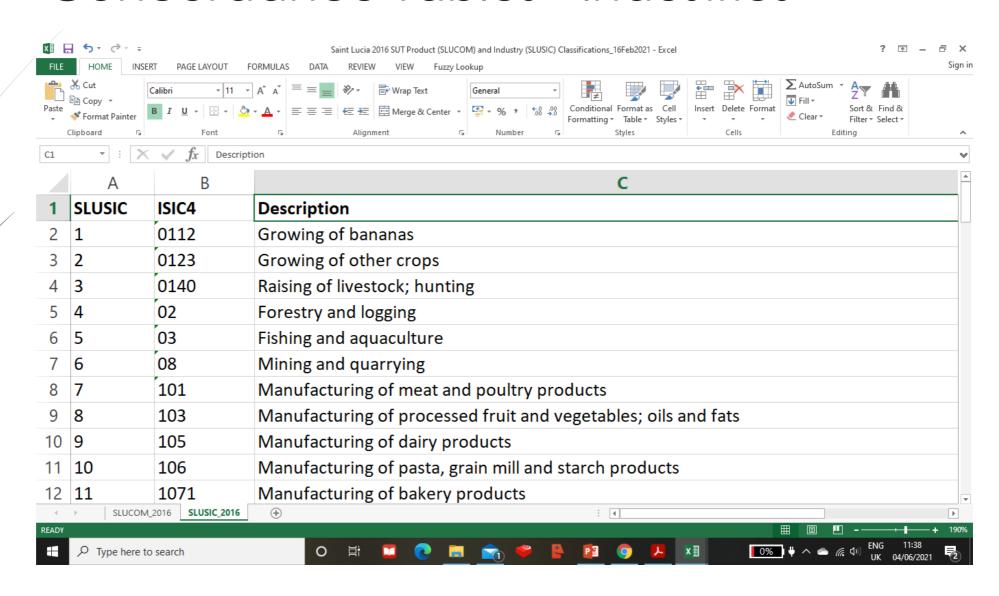
### GDP Series Rebasing Process

- Integration of new/updated benchmarks from 2016 SUT
- Application of volume and price adjustments to 2016 benchmarks to derive 2018 base values; identifying more robust value, price and volume indicators for all respective industries
- Reconstruction of QGDP and AGDP worksheets, based on 2018 and customized/modified ISIC Rev 4 classification
- Back-casting between 2006 and 2016; Current Prices: 'wedging' (i.e. convergence of 2006 and 2016 benchmark trends) of output and/or input-output ratios to reflect improved coverage of industries; Constant Prices: reversal of reported growth-rates

### Concordance Tables - Products



#### Concordance Tables - Industries



#### Compilation of 2016 SUT: Sources & Method

### Supply

Imports:

**ASYCUDA EUROTRACE BOP** 

**Domestic** Output By **SLUSIC:** 

CIT/VAT **NA Survey Business A/Cs** 

### Use

IC by **SLUSIC:** 

CIT/VAT

- Expenses
- Purchases

**Business A/Cs** Statistical -Inference

PFCE:

HBS/SLC

Price and Volume **Adjustments**  GCF:

**External Trade** Govt. Estimates Construction -Survey

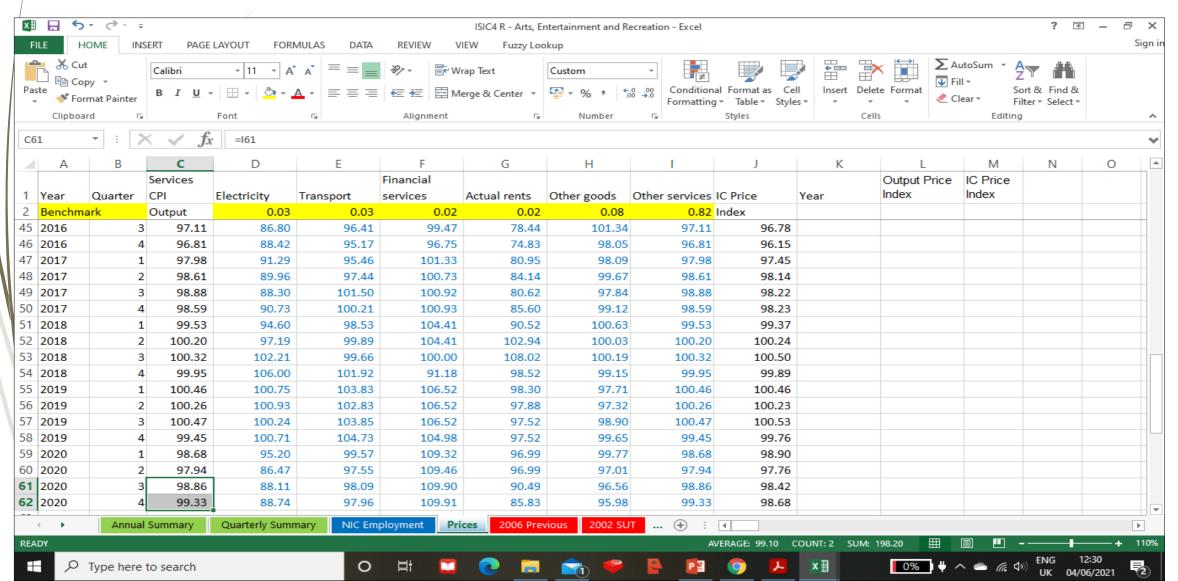
GFCE:

Govt. Estimates **GFS** COFOG

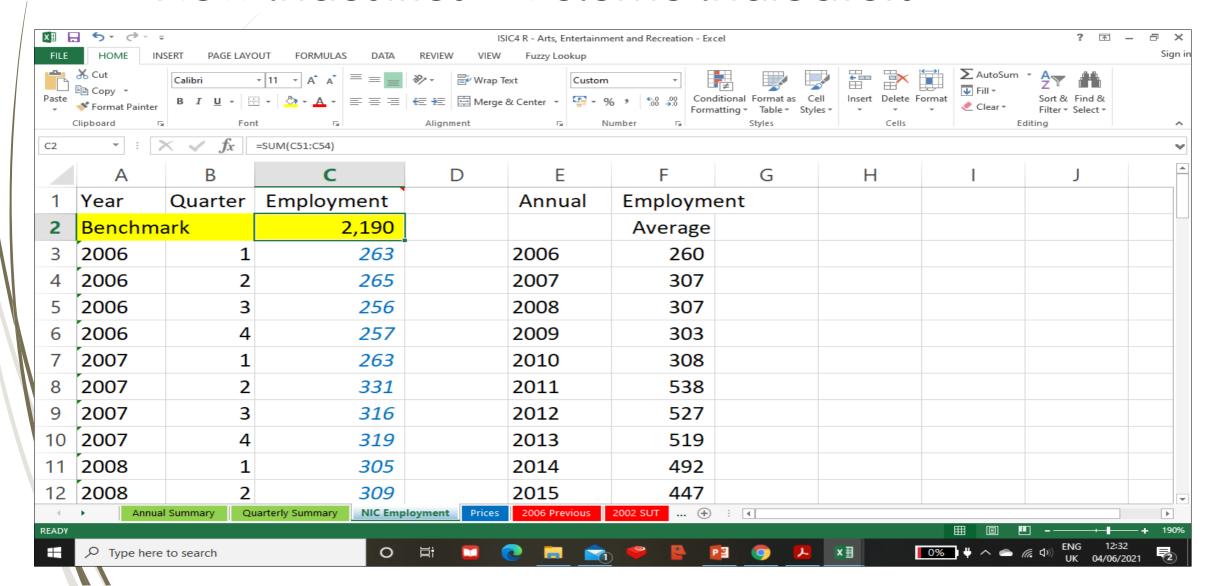
**Exports:** 

**ASYCUDA EUROTRACE BOP** 

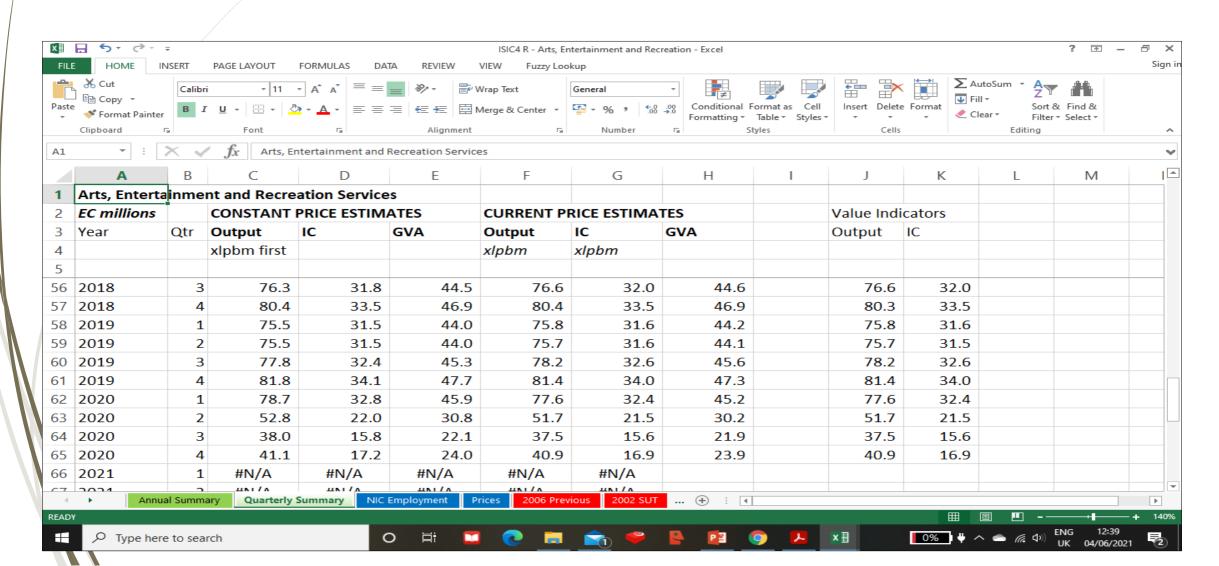
### Calculation of Output, IC and VA for New Industries – Output and Input Price Indicators



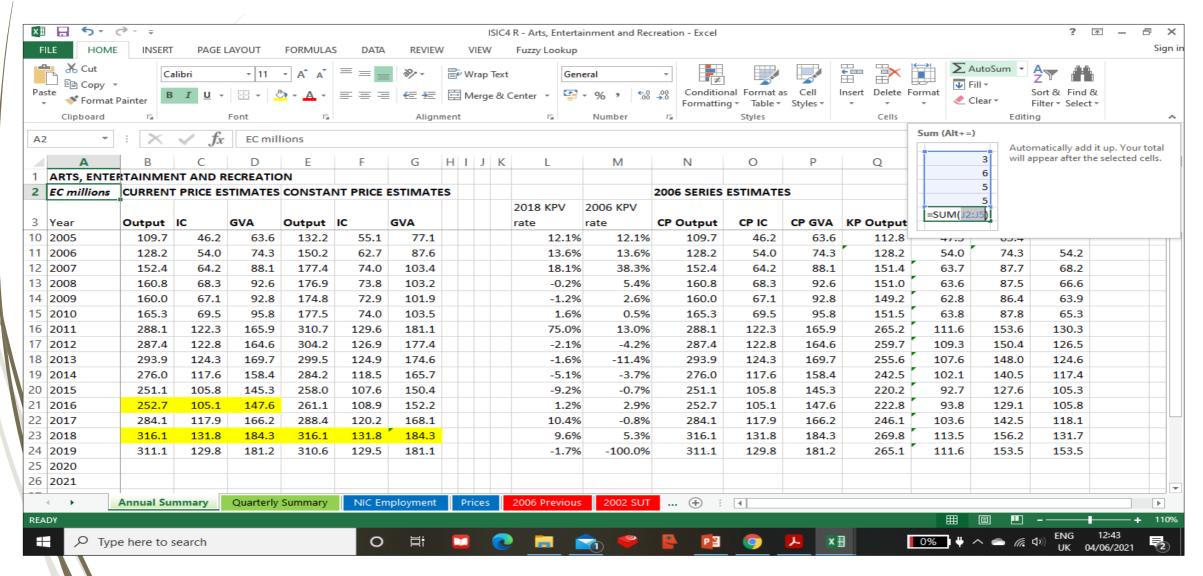
### Calculation of Output, IC and VA for New Industries – Volume Indicators



### Calculation of Output, IC and VA for New Industries – XLPBM: Denton Proportional Benchmarking



## Calculation of Output, IC and VA for New Industries – Annual (Sum of Quarters) Estimates



### Challenges

- Inadequate record-keeping by 'informal' establishments
- Expensive and lengthy NA data collection exercises
- Low response rates to NA survey
- Outdated establishment registers
- Restricted access to administrative records
- Lack of standardized definitions, methods, classifications and identification numbers across the National Statistical System (NSS)
- No historic price and volume indicator-data for newly captured industries
- Balancing accuracy and timeliness

#### Lessons Learnt

- The importance of a SUT in facilitating the Rebasing Process:
  - Reconciling supply (Imports and Domestic Output) and use (Intermediate Consumption, Final Use and Exports); validating prevailing Output, Intermediate Consumption and Value Added estimates
  - Improved coverage of industries
  - Identification of emerging industries
  - Accounting for the underground, 'hidden' economy
  - Improved input-output ratios
  - Extended analysis of the Rebased series; Tourism and other Satellite Accounts
- Public dissemination of the Rebased Series: appropriate stakeholder engagement

### **THANK YOU!**