

## ICPD+ 15 Report Suriname

# Reproductive Health, Rights & Gender

#### S&RH: Access and Maternal health

- Upgrading training for health workers, start of Midwifery school, 1<sup>st</sup> group of 20 Midwifes delivered
- Upgrading Mother & Child Care centre s' Lands Hospital i.c.w. Lobi Foundation
- Increase condom distribution
- Increase provision of information
- Free medical treatment for all pregnant women

#### Con't S&RH

- Development S&RH Policy (in progress)
- Development of General Health Assurance (which is supposed to increase the financial accessibility of health care)

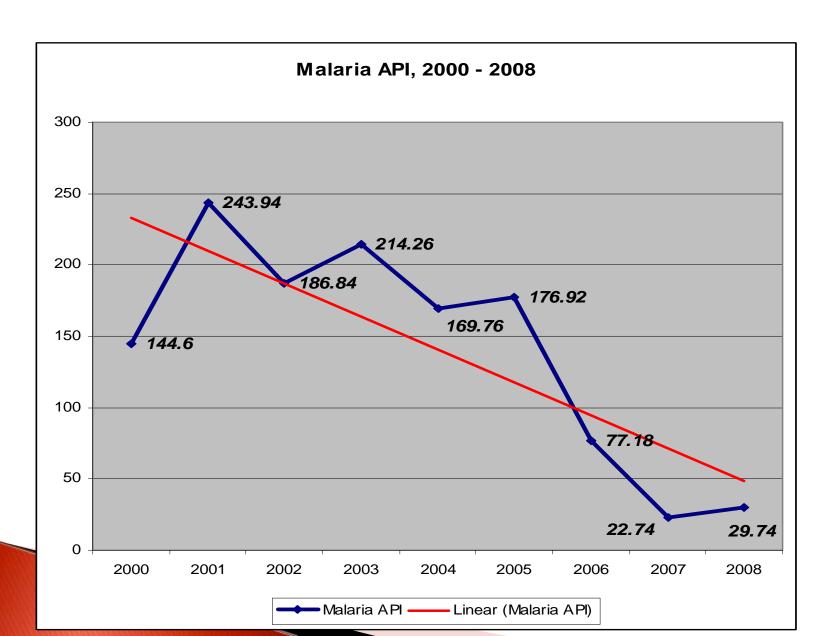
### HIV/AIDS

- National Strategic Plan 2004–2009
- Training on implementation of ILO code of practice on HIV/AIDS
- PMTCT program: Incorporation of HIV test in pre-natal blood screening of pregnant women
- Free supply ART
- Free HIV profylaxe for pregnant women
- BCC training by government and NGO's

#### Malaria

- Reduction of Approx. 90% of Malaria, and because of these figures practically no pregnant women with malaria
- API = the Annual Parasite Index of Malaria is now 30 per 1000 for the population in high risk areas (interior)

#### 90% reduction of Malaria since 2000,



## Family Planning & Youth

- Development of HIV and SRH curricula
- Establishment Youth Parliament: advisory role towards Government on National Youth Policy
- Studies regarding Attitudes and Sexual Behavior of youth (for development of intervention strategies)
- NAP: Youth Centre

#### Gender

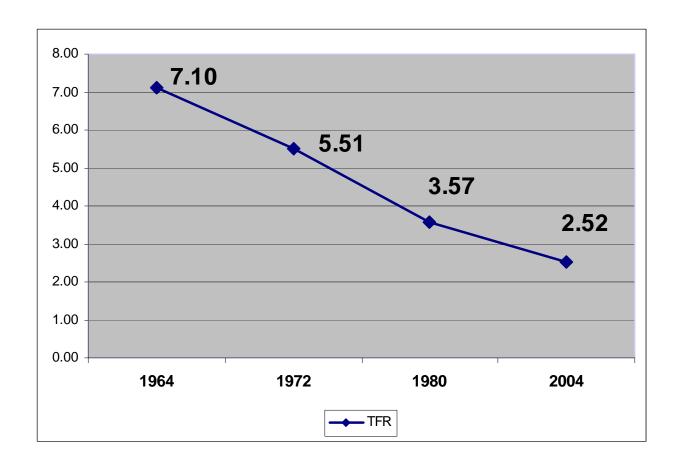
- Design of legislative proposals (by Commission of Gender regulation), including expansion of criminal law with financial & psychological violence, stalking & human trafficking
- RGD: medical protocol & training on diagnosis and treatment of victims of domestic violence
- Implementation National Gender Policy: establishment of gender focal point at each ministry

## Population And Development

#### Trends

- Declining fertility rates: from 7.1 in 1964 to 2.52 in 2004
- Steady Infant mortality rate since 1990
- Growth proportion of persons from Maroon descent (from 9%-15% of total population)
- Growth maroon population in Capital

Graph 3: Total Fertility rates in Suriname, 1964 -2004



	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008*
<5 Mortality Rate	31	20	27	21.7	22.6	23.9	24.5	24.7	24.9	23	23.4 *
Infant Mortality Rate	21	15	20	15.9	21.1	19.9	19.2	20.2	19.1	19.8	18.7 *

### Migration

 International : registration campaign of illegal persons in Suriname 07-08 & Introduction Temporary Residence Permit

Regional : Unknown

Urban : Growth Maroon urbanization from Hinterland to Capital

 Human trafficking: Establishment of workgroup, working on revision of the law on human trafficking

## Vulnerable groups: Elderly

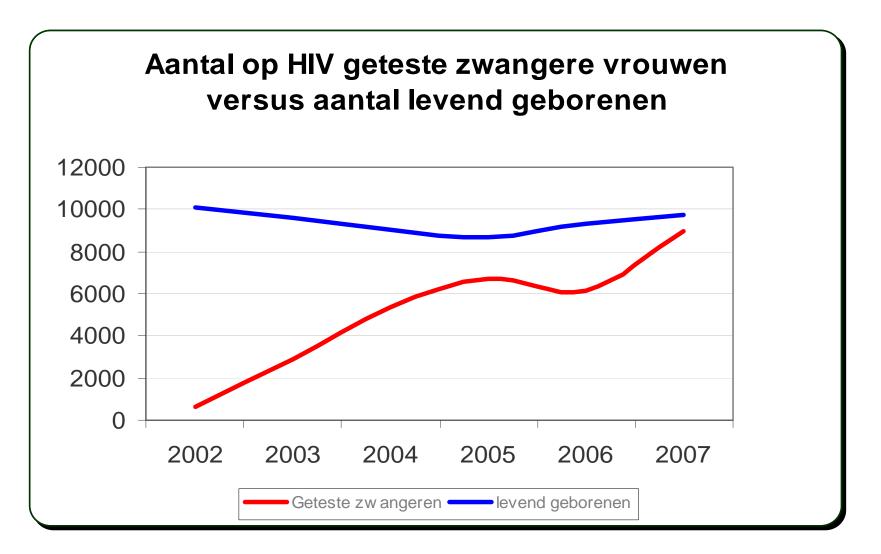
- Population Ageing: Growth of 2.5% in the age group 65+
- Access health care: General health assurance

## Con't Vulnerable groups: CSW, MSM & PLWHA

- CSW link with gold miners. Act: outreach activities, education, free condoms, VCT
- MSM: 2005 sero prevalence survey
   Condom education, distribution free condoms & lubricants
- PLWHA: Health workers from 6 hospitals receive training in anti stigma and discrimination
- Provision ART free of charge

# Best Practice in the field of Population, Gender, RH

- PMTCT (Prevention Mother to Child Transmission): the number of infected pregnant women has increased significantly as well as number of infected pregnant women who receive ART.
- Notable = the development of a National Population Policy; themes: migration, labour, health and spatial distribution of the population



Figuur 4: Aantal op HIV geteste zwangeren uitgezet tegen het aantal levend geborenen, 2002 – 2007

Bron: Dermatologische Dienst (geteste zwangeren)

Centraal Buro voor Burgerzaken (levend geborend)

## **THANK YOU**