

Generating climate change and disasters indicators for policy decision-making in Antigua and Barbuda



The CARICOM Sub-regional Experience in Producing its First Climate Change Statistics Publication –CARICOM Secretariat –3 December 2021

BACKGROUND

UNSD/CARICOM PROJECT:

- Introduction of Environment Statistics in the Caribbean Community (CARICOM) was in 1999 under a UNSD/CARICOM Project- "Strengthening Capacity in Social /Gender and Environment Statistics for Conference Follow-up". (First Development Account project).
- At that time, one country, **Belize**, had produced an Environment Statistics report in 1999 and **Jamaica** was also commencing work in this area of statistics;
- Project launch for ENV component took place in Belize and a **core set of statistics and indicators** were identified to be compiled by Member States based on **environmental issues** that were considered critical to CARICOM.

BACKGROUND

- UNSD/CARICOM PROJECT:
- The first regional publication, "The CARICOM Environment in Figures -2002" was published as a main project output.
- There was also technical assistance, training in IT, equipment provision and also support from international experts.
- Sustainability considerations led to the formation of a CARICOM Advisory Group on Statistics and the development of a CARICOM Programme in Environment and Social/Gender Statistics to encourage regional and national data compilation.

BACKGROUND

- SELECTED CAPACITY BUILDING UNDERTAKEN:
- Documentation of metadata/Adoption of the FDES;
- Training workshops- in collaboration with UNSD, funded by IDPs including World Bank and EU;
- In-country Technical Assistance focusing on Interagency collaboration;
- Establishment of a Technical Working Group for the Development of Environment Statistics — First meeting (virtual) in 2016 with representatives from Antigua and Barbuda, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Bermuda, the BVI, and Turks and Caicos Islands. Outputs included TOR and work plan.
- Assessment of Data availability by country and indicators

		MAPPING					
Topic	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework				
Hazardou	s events and	disasters					
	Occurrence of	of hazardous events and disasters					
		Natural disasters by type and year	CARICOM Programme, CSMDG				
		Percentage of coral reefs destroyed by human activity and by natural disasters	CSMDG				
		Number of deaths, missing people, injured, relocated or evacuated due to disasters per 100,000 people	CC SDG				
		Social dislocation resulting from natural disasters	CSMDG				
		Economic losses resulting from natural disasters	CSMDG				
		Direct disaster economic loss in relation to global gross domestic product (GDP)	CC SDG				
		Direct disaster economic loss in relation to global GDP, including disaster damage to critical infrastructure and disruption of base services	CC SDG				
	Adaptation p	policies /strategy /plans					
		Number of countries with national and local disaster risk reduction strategies	CC SDG				

MAPPING							
Topic	Sub-topic	Framework					
Enviror	nmental Health						
	Water Quality						
		Level of Water Stress: freshwater withdrawal as a proportion of available					
		freshwater resources	CC SDG				
		Amount of water and sanitation related Official Development Assistance					
		that is part of a government coordinated spending plan	CC SDG				
	Human health						
		Number of Reported Cases of Environmentally Related Diseases	CARICOM Programme				
	Vulnerable pop						
		Number of Households by Type of Water Supply	CARICOM Programme				
		Number of Households by Type of Sanitation Facilities	CARICOM Programme				
		Number of Households by Size of Household	CARICOM Programme				
		Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services					
		including a hand washing facility with soap and water.	CC SDG				
		Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	CC SDG				
		Proportion of population with access to electricity	CC SDG				
		Number of Households by Type of Fuel Used for Lighting	CARICOM Programme				
		Number of families in coastal areas	CARICOM Programme				
		Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlement or	CC SDC				
		inadequate housing .	CC SDG				

MAPPING							
Topic	Sub-topic	Sub-topic Indicators					
Waste	ste						
	Solid Waste						
		Percentage of urban solid waste regularly collected and with adequate					
		final discharge with regards to the total waste generated by cities	CC SDG				
		Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM 10) in cities population weighted	CC SDG				
		Number of Parties to international multilateral environmental agreements on hazardous and other chemicals and waste that meet their commitments and obligations in transmitting information as required by each relevant agreement					
Diadiw	ovoitus						
Biodiv	Protected Spe	cios					
	Frotected Spe	Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels	CC SDG				
		Red List Index	CC SDG				
	Protected Are	, no	CC 3DG				
	TrottettedAre	Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas	CC SDG				
		Proportion of important sites for terrestrial and freshwater Biodiversity					
		that are covered by protected areas by ecosystem type	CC SDG				
		Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation					
		and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems,	CC SDG				
Popula	tion and House	eholds					
-	Building and in	nfrastructure vulnerable to Climate Change					
		Number of Households by Type of Dwelling	CARICOM Programme				
		Number of Households by Type of Tenure	CARICOM Programme				
		Proportion of Households with Own Dwelling	CSMDGs				
		Number of Households by Type of Material of Outer Walls	CARICOM Programme				
		Number of Households by Type of Material Used for Roofing	CARICOM Programme				
		Number of Households by Number of Bedrooms	CARICOM Programme				

		MAPPING	
Topic	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework
Tourisn	n		
	Tourist arrivals	Same-day visitor (or excursionist)	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist (or overnight visitor)	CARICOM Programme
		Cruise passengers	CARICOM Programme
		Number of tourist nights spent	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist Intensity Ratio	CARICOM Programme
		Tourism Penetration Ratio	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist Arrivals by Country of Origin	CARICOM Programme
		Tourist Arrivals by Type of Accommodation	CARICOM Programme
	Hotels	Number of Hotels Classified by Size	CARICOM Programme
		Total number of beds	CARICOM Programme
		Total number of rooms occupied	CARICOM Programme
		Room occupancy rate	CARICOM Programme
		Visitor expenditure (in US\$)	CARICOM Programme
		Total directly employed in tourism (total, women, men)	CARICOM Programme
Energy	and Minerals		
	Energy Product	tion and Consumption	
		Energy Consumption by Type and Year	CARICOM Programme
		Number of Households by Type of Fuel Used for Cooking	CARICOM Programme
	Minerals		
		Mineral Production by Type	CARICOM Programme
		Mineral Reserves by Type	CARICOM Programme
Land U	se and Agricultu	ure	
	Land Use		
		Land Use by type and year	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Ratio of land consumption rate to population growth rate	CC SDG
	Agricultural Cr	ops	
		Use of Fertilizers by Type and Year	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Use of Pesticides by Type and Year	CARICOM Programme, FDES

		MAPPING	
Topic	Sub-topic	Indicators	Framework
Coasta	l and Marine r	esources	
	Marine resour	ces	
		Total marine area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Fish landings by type	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Protected marine area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
Forest			
		Protected Area as a Percentage of Total Territorial Area	
		Forest area as a proportion of total land area	FDES, CC SDG
		Total Territorial Area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Total Protected Area (terrestrial and marine)	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Total forest area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Protected forest area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Total land area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Protected Forest Area as a percentage of Total Forest Area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Protected Forest Area as a percentage of Total Land Area	CARICOM Programme, FDES
Air			
	GHG emission	ns	
		CO2 emission per unit of value added.	CC SDG
		Emissions of Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Emissions of Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Emissions of Non-Methane Volatile Organic Compounds (NM-VOCs)	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Emissions of Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Emissions of Methane (CH4)	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Emissions of Nitrous Oxide (N2O)	CARICOM Programme, FDES
		Emissions of Lead (Pb) and Consumption of Leaded Petrol	CARICOM Programme, FDES

STATUS - CURRENT WORK

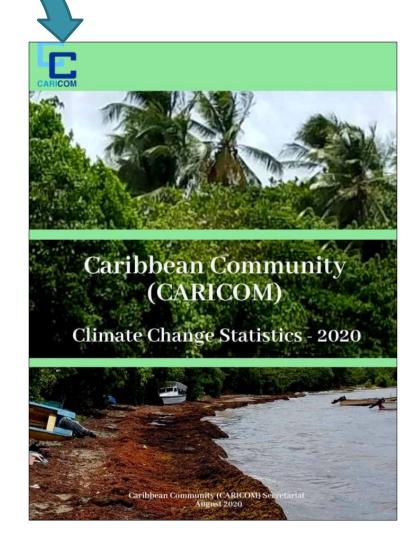
ITALIAN PROJECT/ IDB PROJECT:

- "Capacity Building in Statistics" project funded by the Italian Agency for Development Cooperation (AICS) and implemented by the Italian National Institute of Statistics (Istat) jointly with the CARICOM Secretariat.
- The Italian project is complimented by the "Support to Statistical Capacity in CARICOM Countries" initiative funded by the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB)
- Both projects are aimed at providing the RSP of the CARICOM Secretariat and NSOs with being able to compile a range of complete and reliable information concerning 3 fields – Agriculture, Gender and Environment

From Environment to Climate Change Statistics

THE CARICOM ENVIRONMENT IN FIGURES 2014





From Environment to Climate Change Statistics

- The Secretariat has now produced a total of four (4) CARICOM Environment in Figures publication plus its first Climate Change Statistics Publication.
- The CARICOM Climate Change Statistics Publication-which is largely exploratory is based on the fact that Climate Change is of high importance to CARICOM Small Island Developing States and it is hoped that this first publication can lay the groundwork for future work in this area.
- The approach to the production of Climate Change Statistics utilised the framework of the FDES 2013 and specifically the IPCC schematic framework;



- APPROACH TO PUBLICATION ON CLIMATE CHANGE STATISTICS
- The tables previously published under environment statistics were rearranged under the five (5) components- Drivers, Impacts, Adaptation, Mitigation and Vulnerability;
- New tables were identified where required and the series in the existing tables were updated (up to 2019 for some tables).
- Key Lesson learnt: Strengthening Environment Statistics can lead to the production of Climate Change Statistics

- DRIVERS (Selected Tables)
- Sub-component 1.1: Emissions to Air
- Topic 1.1.1: Emissions of greenhouse gases
- 1.1.1.a: Total emissions of direct greenhouse gases (GHGs), by gas:
- 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Table 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide emissions (CO2): 2000-2014

Topic 1.1.1: Emissions of greenhouse gases

Table 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide emissions (CO₂): 2000-2014

							(Gg)
Country	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Antigua and Barbuda							945.54
Barbados	1134.00	1152.00	1152.00	1138.00	1166.00	1208.00	1225.00
Belize	11950.00			18168.00			17375.00
Dominica	106.00	118.00	113.00	111.00	111.00	119.00	
Grenada	207.50	216.70	226.40	238.70	232.20	243.40	251.40
Guyana	1734.00	1713.00	1684.00	1675.00	1731.00		
Haiti	2595.81						
Jamaica							11205.00
Saint Lucia							
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	155.15				217.41		

Topic 1.1.1: Emissions of greenhouse gases

Table 1.1.1.a.1: Carbon dioxide emissions (CO₂): 2000-2014

								(Gg)
Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Antigua and Barbuda								
Barbados	1305.00	1380.00	1427.00	1491.00				
Belize			13449.00					
Dominica								
Grenada	264.90	280.10	277.80	289.00	275.00	295.90	335.00	278.90
Guyana								
Haiti								
Jamaica	9857.00	10658.00	7918.00	7285.00	7870.00	7387.00		
Saint Lucia				493.00				
St. Vincent and the Grenadines								



- IMPACTS (Selected Tables)
- Subcomponent 2.1: Areas impacted by climate change
- Topic 2.1.1: Forests
- 2.1.1: Forest area
- Table 2.1.1.1: Total and Protected Forest Area: 2009-2013
- Table 2.1.1.2: Forest Area (% of land area)
- Chart 2.1.1.1: Forest Area (% of land area): 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2016
- http://statistics.caricom.org/climatepub.html

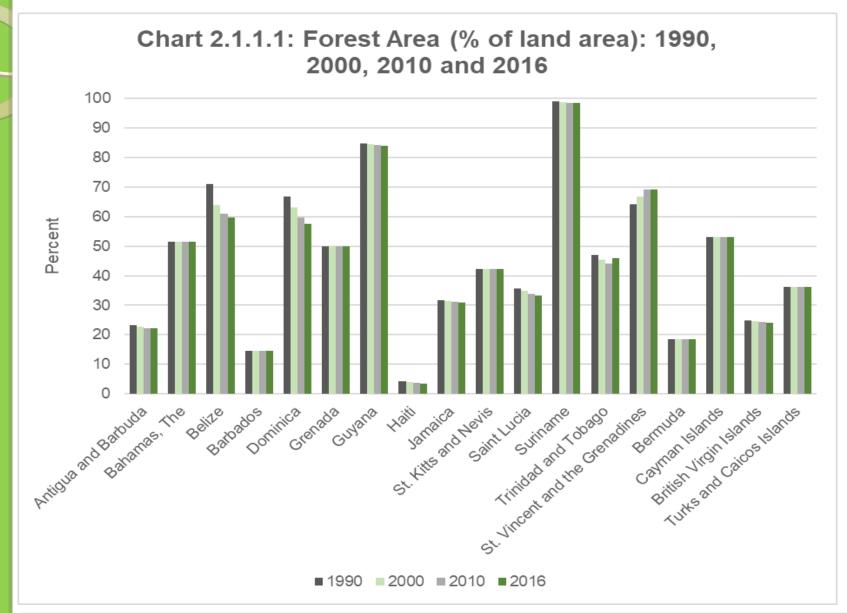
Topic 2.1.1: Forests

Table 2.1.1.2: Forest Area (% of land area): 1990, 2000, 2010 and 2016

				Percent
Country	1990	2000	2010	2016
Antigua and Barbuda	23.4	22.7	22.3	22.3
The Bahamas	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4
Belize	70.8	64.0	61.0	59.7
Barbados	14.7	14.7	14.7	14.7
Dominica	66.7	63.1	59.5	57.4
Grenada	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Guyana	84.6	84.4	84.2	83.9
Haiti	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.5
Jamaica	31.8	31.5	31.1	30.9
St. Kitts and Nevis	42.3	42.3	42.3	42.3
Saint Lucia	35.7	34.8	33.8	33.2
Suriname	98.9	98.7	98.4	98.3
Trinidad and Tobago	46.9	45.5	44.1	46.0
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	64.1	66.7	69.2	69.2
Bermuda	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5
Cayman Islands	52.9	52.9	52.9	52.9
British Virgin Islands	24.7	24.5	24.3	24.1
Turks and Caicos Islands	36.2	36.2	36.2	36.2

Source:

Food and Agriculture Organization, electronic files and web site.



Challenges and Best Practices

- Major Data Gaps Data we have
 - Drivers Almost all topics covered except AFOLU drivers (IPCC) such as deforestation
 - Impacts 4 out of 13 topics only
 - Mitigation I out of 3 topics (3 indicators)
 - Vulnerability I out of 5 topics (I indicator)
 - Adaptation 2 out of 7 topics (waste and water management indicators)
- There is also a **Technical Work Group** on Environment Statistics that continue to operate to sustain the production of these statistics
- Use of data in the National Communications to the UNFCCC
- Use of Proxy data Energy Statistics, Trade data
- Use of data from international sources -Disaster Statistics
- Metadata challenges –differences in computation, use of differing methodology
- Lack of dedicated staff to compile Environment Statistics
- Lack of national climate change reports
- Strengthening Inter-agency collaboration within the NSS



Thank you!